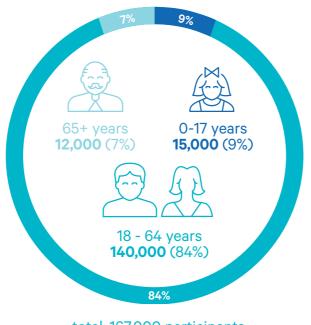


lifelines cohort and biobank

Lifelines is a large, multi-generational cohort study that includes over 167,000 participants from the northern population of the Netherlands. Lifelines works with a combination of questionnaires, measurements and biological samples; thus, providing a unique source for research purposes. Participants from three generations are followed for at least 30 years, to obtain insight into healthy ageing and the main factors relating to the onset and progression of diseases. Every 1.5 years, participants complete a questionnaire, in which they provide a wide variety of data. In addition, once every 5 years, participants are invited to visit a Lifelines location for a physical examination. During this visit, biological samples are collected and several measurements and tests are conducted. Biological samples are stored at -80°C to ensure high quality and long-term preservation.



total: 167,000 participants

genetics

participants with genetic data (GWAS) 13.000

sibling sets (brothers/sisters in cohort) 7,000

participants part of 3-generations in cohort 20.000

participants part of 2-generations in cohort 84,000

its with children 45,000

biological samples

plasma samples (blood) stored at -80 °C 3,000,000

serum samples (blood) stored at -80 °C 1.000.000

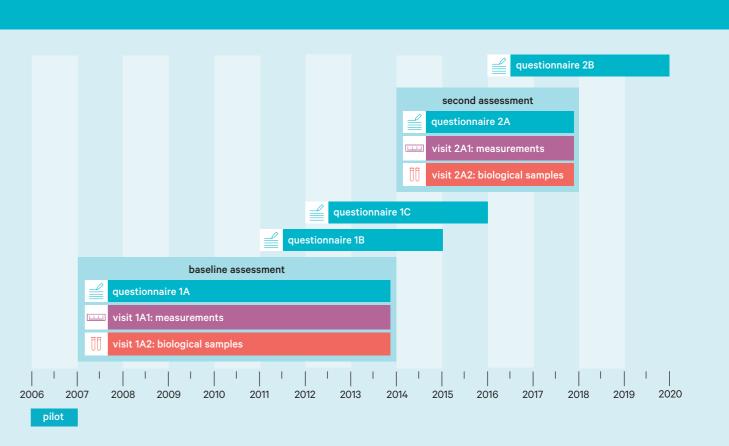
24h urine samples stored at -80 °C 2,000,000

Lifelines data are available to researchers, worldwide, in the field of healthy ageing. If you are

hair samples 54,000



There are many unmet needs to diagnose, prevent and treat disease. Therefore, it is important to understand why some people stay healthy in old age, while others are affected by disease. Many risk factors for disease have their origin in early life. This is why we collect a large selection of data and biological samples from adults as well as from children. This overview provides information about the data that we collected from adults, age 18 and up, between 2006 and 2017.



lifelines adults

October 2017

interested in the possibilities Lifelines has to offer for research or policy development, please see our website: www.lifelines.nl, or contact us directly at research@lifelines.nl

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baseline assessment 1A

questionnaires		interviews
 activities (physical activity, TV watching, informal care) birth body weight demographics (education, living situation) family composition family health history health status health perception medication use surgery independency (65+) 	 health care mental health (stress) nutrition personality living environment quality of life questions for females (menstruation, pregnancy) sleeping smoking social support wellbeing work 	 MMSE (65+) MINI
measurements	laboratory assessment:	biological samples
 skin autofluorescence anthropometry 	urine	blood (fasting sample)24h urine

• albumin

• creatinine

• eosinophil granulocytes

erythrocytes

free T3

free T4

glucose

∘ HbA1c

gamma-GT

hematocrit

hemoglobin

leukocytes

• HDL cholesterol

high-sensitivity CRP

family composition

family health history

health perception

medication use

surgery

• health status

LDL cholesterol

- anthropometry
- blood pressure • ECG
- lung function
- RFFT

laboratory assessment: blood

- ALAT
- ASAT
- albumin
- alkaline phosphatase
- anti-CCP
- anti-dsDNA
- apolipo A1
- apolipo B100
- basophilic granulocytes CTD screen
- calcium
- cholesterol
- creatinine

- follow-up questionnaire 1B

questionnaires

þ	activities (physical	

- activity, mobile phone use) birth
- body weight
- demographics (ethnicity,
- living situation)
- follow-up questionnaire 1C

questionnaires

- activities (physical activity, informal care)
- body weight
- demographics
- (living situation) family composition
- health status health perception

family health history

- medication use
 - surgery
 - health care
- mental health (stress) noise

independency (65+)

living environment

nutrition and diet

mental health (stress)

• health care

personality

spot urine (morning)

• DNA

lymphocytes

mononuclear cells

neutrophil granulocytes

monocytes

phosphate

potassium

SSA preg

thrombocytes

trialvcerides

sodium

• TSH

• ureum

uric acid

- personality
- living environment
- quality of life

quality of life

somatisation

social support

sleeping

smoking

work

- nutrition and diet
- smoking

- sleeping
- somatisation
- social support
- work

second assessment 2A

questionnaires

- abdominal discomfort activities (physical activity,
- informal care)
- alcohol and drug use
- body weight
- demographics (education,
- living situation)
- vision
- family composition family health history
- fatigue
- food allergies
- health status

 medication use mental health (stress)

health care

- nutrition and diet
- ∘ pain
- scalp hair
- smoking
- social support
- somatisation
- surgery
- quality of life
- work

biological samples blood (fasting sample)

• 24h urine

- creatinine
- faeces
- scalp hair
- follow-up questionnaire 2B

questionnaires

- activities (informal care, physical activity, sedentary
- behaviour, internet use)

biological samples

- alcohol and drug use
- bodyweight

in storage

- childhood traumas
- demographics (education, marital status)
 - earthquakes
- family food behaviour

biological food



• MINI (digital)

measurements

- anthropometry
- blood pressure
- Cogstate cognitive tests
- ECG
- jump test
- lung function

laboratory assessment: blood

- high-sensitivity CRP
- monocytes
- mononuclear Cells
- thrombocytes
- leukocytes
- lymphocytes
- erythrocytes
- neutrophil Granulocytes
- basophilic Granulocytes
- eosinophil Granulocytes
- cholesterol

- HDL Cholesterol
- LDL cholesterol
- creatinine
- glucose
- HbA1c
- hematocrit
- hemoglobin
- potassium
- sodium
- triglycerides
- health perception
- hearing
- medication compliance
- over the counter medication
- perceived living environment
- smoking

blood

urine

- social support
- wellbeing
- work
- work functioning



DNA



faeces



